The Armor of God

Spiritual Warfare · Spirits & Demons

Paul's description of spiritual armor in Ephesians 6 provides the most comprehensive biblical instruction on how believers are to engage in spiritual warfare. Significantly, Paul does not leave believers to devise their own strategies or forge their own weapons. He commands them to 'put on the whole armour of God'—armor designed by God, provided by God, proven effective by God. The armor is His provision; our responsibility is to wear it. The phrase 'whole armour' (*Greek panoplia*, $\pi\alpha\nuo\pi\lambda(\alpha)$) emphasizes completeness—partial armor leaves vulnerabilities. Every piece matters.

The purpose of the armor is defensive, not offensive conquest: 'that ye may be able to stand against the wiles of the devil... that ye may be able to withstand in the evil day, and having done all, to stand.' Three times Paul emphasizes standing—holding ground against attack, not launching campaigns. The word 'wiles' (*methodeia*, $\mu\epsilon\theta$ o $\delta\epsilon$ ia) suggests scheming, strategy, systematic deception. Satan does not merely tempt impulsively but deploys calculated methods requiring prepared resistance. The 'evil day' may refer to times of intensified spiritual attack when multiple pressures converge. In such times, standing firm becomes the victory.

Each piece of armor corresponds to a spiritual reality and addresses a particular vulnerability. The **belt of truth** secures all other pieces, suggesting that truth is foundational—falsehood compromises everything else. The **breastplate of righteousness** guards the heart and vital organs, indicating that practical godliness protects believers from accusations and defeats. The feet **shod with the preparation of the gospel of peace** provide stable footing and readiness, suggesting that grounding in the gospel and

readiness to proclaim it stabilize believers in conflict. The **shield of faith** quenches 'all the fiery darts of the wicked'—flaming arrows of doubt, temptation, accusation that Satan hurls. Faith in God's character, promises, and power extinguishes these attacks before they penetrate.

The **helmet of salvation** protects the mind and head, suggesting that assurance of salvation guards against despair and doubt about one's standing before God. The **sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God**, is the only offensive weapon listed, emphasizing Scripture's primacy in spiritual combat. Jesus wielded this sword in the wilderness, answering each satanic temptation with 'It is written.' Finally, **prayer with supplication in the Spirit** undergirds all—'praying always with all prayer and supplication in the Spirit.' Spiritual armor without prayerful dependence on God becomes mere religious externalism. These weapons are 'not carnal, but mighty through God to the pulling down of strong holds.' Victory comes not through human effort but through appropriating divine provision.

Key Verses

Ephesians 6:11

Put on the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to stand against the wiles of the devil.

Ephesians 6:13-17

Wherefore take unto you the whole armour of God, that ye may be able to withstand in the evil day, and having done all, to stand. Stand therefore, having your loins girt about with truth, and having on the breastplate of righteousness; And your feet shod with the preparation of the gospel of peace; Above all, taking the shield of faith, wherewith ye shall be able to quench all the fiery darts of the wicked. And take the helmet of salvation, and the sword of the Spirit, which is the word of God.

Ephesians 6:18

Praying always with all prayer and supplication in the Spirit, and watching thereunto with all perseverance and supplication for all saints.

2 Corinthians 10:4

For the weapons of our warfare are not carnal, but mighty through God to the pulling down of strong holds.

1 Peter 5:9

Whom resist stedfast in the faith, knowing that the same afflictions are accomplished in your brethren that are in the world.

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