

Mark 1:43

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

And he straitly charged him, and forthwith sent him away;

Analysis

Christ's 'straitly charged' (Greek: embrimaomai, sternly warned with emotion) seems paradoxical—why command silence after such a public miracle? This reflects the 'Messianic secret' theme in Mark: Christ controlled the timing and nature of His revelation to prevent premature political messianic movements. His stern warning shows the seriousness of following His instructions precisely, even when they seem counterintuitive.

Historical Context

Popular messianic expectations in first-century Judaism centered on military deliverance from Rome. A leper's healing would fuel dangerous political speculation about a miracle-working deliverer. Christ's ministry required careful management to avoid premature confrontation with authorities before His appointed time.

Related Passages

Romans 2:1 — Judging others

Matthew 25:31 — Final judgment

Study Questions

1. Why would Christ sometimes want His miracles kept quiet, and what does this teach us about God's timing?
2. How does Christ's stern warning challenge our assumption that more publicity always serves God's purposes?

Interlinear Text

καὶ ἐμβριμησάμενος αὐτόν εὐθὲως ἐξέβαλεν αὐτόν
And he straitly charged him and forthwith away him
G2532 G1690 G846 G2112 G1544 G846

Additional Cross-References

Matthew 9:30 (Parallel theme): And their eyes were opened; and Jesus straitly charged them, saying, See that no man know it.

Mark 5:43 (Parallel theme): And he charged them straitly that no man should know it; and commanded that something should be given her to eat.

Mark 3:12 (Parallel theme): And he straitly charged them that they should not make him known.

Mark 7:36 (Parallel theme): And he charged them that they should tell no man: but the more he charged them, so much the more a great deal they published it;

Luke 8:56 (Parallel theme): And her parents were astonished: but he charged them that they should tell no man what was done.