

# Leviticus 25:41

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

And then shall he depart from thee, both he and his children with him, and shall return unto his own family, and unto the possession of his fathers shall he return.

## Analysis

---

**And then shall he depart from thee, both he and his children with him, and shall return unto his own family, and unto the possession of his fathers shall he return.**

This verse falls within the section on **Sabbath Year and Jubilee**. Sabbath year rest for land and Year of Jubilee releasing debts and slaves, teaching trust in God's provision.

The New Testament reveals that Christ's sacrifice accomplishes what the Levitical system could only symbolize—complete forgiveness and restoration of relationship with God.

## Historical Context

---

Sabbath year rest for land and Year of Jubilee releasing debts and slaves, teaching trust in God's provision. Chapters 17-27, often called the 'Holiness Code,' expand covenant obligations beyond ritual to encompass all of life—sexuality, economics, justice, and relationships. The repeated refrain 'I am the LORD' grounds these laws in God's character and covenant relationship with Israel. Israel received these laws while encamped at Sinai, before entering Canaan. The laws prepared them for life in the promised land, distinguishing them from Canaanite practices and

establishing their identity as God's holy nation. The portable tabernacle, central to Levitical worship, accompanied them through wilderness wanderings and eventually found permanent form in Solomon's temple. The Israelite dietary laws in Leviticus 11 have no exact parallel in surrounding cultures, though some ancient cultures had food taboos, suggesting unique revelation rather than borrowed customs.

## Related Passages

---

**Ephesians 2:8** — Salvation by grace through faith

**John 3:16** — God's love and salvation

**Hebrews 11:1** — Definition of faith

**James 2:17** — Faith and works

## Study Questions

---

1. How can you use this verse to worship God more fully, obey Him more faithfully, or love others more sacrificially?
2. How does this verse help you understand both God's justice and His mercy in salvation?
3. How does this verse point to Christ, and how does that deepen your faith and gratitude?

## Interlinear Text

---

וַיֵּצֵא	הָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ	וּבָנָיו
And then shall he depart	H5973	H1931
H3318		H1121
וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ	וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ	וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ
H5973	H5973	H5973
shall he return	H413	H413
H7725	H4940	H272
וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ	וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ	וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ
H5973	H5973	H5973
shall he return	H413	H413
H7725	H4940	H272
וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ	וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ	וְהָיָא מֵעִמּוֹ
H5973	H5973	H5973
shall he return	H413	H413
H7725	H4940	H272

## Additional Cross-References

---

**Leviticus 25:28** (Parallel theme): But if he be not able to restore it to him, then that which is sold shall remain in the hand of him that hath bought it until the year of jubile: and in the jubile it shall go out, and he shall return unto his possession.

**Exodus 21:3** (Parallel theme): If he came in by himself, he shall go out by himself: if he were married, then his wife shall go out with him.