

# Leviticus 22:14

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

And if a man eat of the holy thing unwittingly, then he shall put the fifth part thereof unto it, and shall give it unto the priest with the holy thing.

## Analysis

---

**And if a man eat of the holy thing unwittingly, then he shall put the fifth part thereof unto it, and shall give it unto the priest with the holy thing.**

This verse falls within the section on **Acceptable Sacrifices**. Requirements for acceptable sacrifices and those who may eat sacred offerings, maintaining sacrifice quality.

The central theme of Leviticus is God's holiness and the call for His people to be holy. The Hebrew word *qadosh* (קֹדֶשׁ) means 'set apart' or 'sacred,' emphasizing both separation from sin and consecration to God's purposes. The Aaronic priesthood mediated between God and Israel, offering sacrifices and maintaining the tabernacle. This prefigured Christ's superior priesthood after the order of Melchizedek.

The holiness demanded in Leviticus becomes possible through Christ, who both satisfies God's righteous requirements and transforms believers by His Spirit.

## Historical Context

---

Requirements for acceptable sacrifices and those who may eat sacred offerings, maintaining sacrifice quality. Chapters 17-27, often called the 'Holiness Code,' expand covenant obligations beyond ritual to encompass all of life—sexuality, economics, justice, and relationships. The repeated refrain 'I am the LORD'

grounds these laws in God's character and covenant relationship with Israel. Israel received these laws while encamped at Sinai, before entering Canaan. The laws prepared them for life in the promised land, distinguishing them from Canaanite practices and establishing their identity as God's holy nation. The portable tabernacle, central to Levitical worship, accompanied them through wilderness wanderings and eventually found permanent form in Solomon's temple. Ancient texts like the Code of Hammurabi show that law codes were common in the ancient Near East, but biblical law uniquely grounded ethics in God's character rather than merely social convention.

## **Related Passages**

---

**John 3:16** — God's love and salvation

**Ephesians 2:8** — Salvation by grace through faith

## **Study Questions**

---

1. How does God's holiness, as revealed in this verse, shape your understanding of worship, obedience, and daily living?
2. How does Christ's superior priesthood, prefigured in this verse, assure you of access to God and effective intercession?
3. How does this verse help you understand both God's justice and His mercy in salvation?

## Interlinear Text

---

וְאִם יִשׁ	כִּי	יֹאכַל ל	הַקֹּדֶשׁ:	בְּשֹׁגֶגָה	וְיָסֵף
And if a man	H3588	eat	of the holy thing	unwittingly	then he shall put
H376		H398	H6944	H7684	H3254
הַחֲמִשִּׁיתוֹ	עַל יוֹ		וְנָתַן	לַכֹּהֵן	אֶת
the fifth	H5921	part thereof unto it and shall give	it unto the priest		H854
H2549		H5414	H3548		
הַקֹּדֶשׁ:					
of the holy thing					
H6944					

## Additional Cross-References

---

**Leviticus 27:13** (Parallel theme): But if he will at all redeem it, then he shall add a fifth part thereof unto thy estimation.

**Leviticus 27:15** (Holy): And if he that sanctified it will redeem his house, then he shall add the fifth part of the money of thy estimation unto it, and it shall be his.