# Joel 1

Chapter 1 of 3 · 20 Verses · Authorized King James Version

# The Locust Plague

- <sup>1</sup> The word of the LORD that came to Joel the son of Pethuel.
- <sup>2</sup> Hear this, ye old men, and give ear, all ye inhabitants of the land. Hath this been in your days, or even in the days of your fathers?
- <sup>3</sup> Tell ye your children of it, and let your children tell their children, and their children another generation.
- <sup>4</sup> That which the palmerworm hath left hath the locust eaten; and that which the locust hath left hath the cankerworm eaten; and that which the cankerworm hath left hath the caterpiller eaten.
- <sup>5</sup> Awake, ye drunkards, and weep; and howl, all ye drinkers of wine, because of the new wine; for it is cut off from your mouth.
- <sup>6</sup> For a nation is come up upon my land, strong, and without number, whose teeth are the teeth of a lion, and he hath the cheek teeth of a great lion.
- <sup>7</sup> He hath laid my vine waste, and barked my fig tree: he hath made it clean bare, and cast it away; the branches thereof are made white.
- $^{8}$  Lament like a virgin girded with sackcloth for the husband of her youth.
- 9 The meat offering and the drink offering is cut off from the house of the LORD; the priests, the LORD'S ministers, mourn.

- The field is wasted, the land mourneth; for the corn is wasted: the new wine is dried up, the oil languisheth.
- <sup>11</sup> Be ye ashamed, O ye husbandmen; howl, O ye vinedressers, for the wheat and for the barley; because the harvest of the field is perished.
- <sup>12</sup> The vine is dried up, and the fig tree languisheth; the pomegranate tree, the palm tree also, and the apple tree, even all the trees of the field, are withered: because joy is withered away from the sons of men.

# A Call to Repentance

- Gird yourselves, and lament, ye priests: howl, ye ministers of the altar: come, lie all night in sackcloth, ye ministers of my God: for the meat offering and the drink offering is withholden from the house of your God.
- Sanctify ye a fast, call a solemn assembly, gather the elders and all the inhabitants of the land into the house of the LORD your God, and cry unto the LORD,
- Alas for the day! for the day of the LORD is at hand, and as a destruction from the Almighty shall it come.
- 16 Is not the meat cut off before our eyes, yea, joy and gladness from the house of our God?
- <sup>17</sup> The seed is rotten under their clods, the garners are laid desolate, the barns are broken down; for the corn is withered.
- <sup>18</sup> How do the beasts groan! the herds of cattle are perplexed, because they have no pasture; yea, the flocks of sheep are made desolate.
- <sup>19</sup> O LORD, to thee will I cry: for the fire hath devoured the pastures of the wilderness, and the flame hath burned all the trees of the field.

The beasts of the field cry also unto thee: for the rivers of waters are dried up, and the fire hath devoured the pastures of the wilderness.

# **HEBREW & GREEK WORD STUDIES**

**Altar** — מְזֶבֶת (Mizbeach)

Altar, place of sacrifice

The Hebrew **mizbeach** (חַבְּחַ) means altar—from the root 'to slaughter.' Altars were places where sacrifices were offered to God, pointing forward to Christ's ultimate sacrifice.

God — אֱלֹהִים (Elohim)

God (plural of majesty)

The Hebrew **Elohim** (אֱלֹהִים) is a plural form denoting majesty and fullness of deity. Though grammatically plural, it takes singular verbs when referring to the one true God, suggesting the Trinity's plurality within unity.

Lord — יָהוָה / אֵדֹנֵי (YHWH / Adonai)

The LORD / Lord

When 'LORD' appears in small capitals, it represents the Tetragrammaton **YHWH** (יְהוָה), God's personal covenant name meaning 'I AM.' When 'Lord' appears normally, it's **Adonai** (אֲדֹנֵי), meaning 'my Lord,' emphasizing sovereignty.

Priest — כֹהֵן (Kohen)

Priest.

The Hebrew **kohen** (מַהַ) denotes a priest—one who mediates between God and people through sacrifices and intercession. Aaron and his descendants served as Israel's priests, foreshadowing Christ the Great High Priest.

Sanctify — קַדַשׁ (Qadash)

To set apart, make holy

The Hebrew **qadash** (קַּדַשׁ) means to set apart or consecrate—separating something for God's sacred purposes. God sanctified the seventh day (Genesis 2:3) and calls His people to 'be holy; for I am holy' (Leviticus 11:44).

Word — זַבַר (Davar)

Word, thing, matter

The Hebrew **davar** (דְּבֶּר) means word, thing, or matter—God's creative and authoritative speech. 'By the word of the LORD were the heavens made' (Psalm 33:6).

#### CROSS REFERENCES

**Joel 1:1** Parallel theme: Acts 2:16. Word: Jeremiah 1:2

- **Joel 1:2** Parallel theme: Joel 2:2; Job 8:8; Jeremiah 30:7; Hosea 5:1
- **Joel 1:3** Parallel theme: Exodus 13:14; Deuteronomy 6:7; Psalms 44:1; 71:18; 145:4; Isaiah 38:19

# **Joel 1:4**

**Parallel theme:** Joel 2:25; Exodus 10:4; Deuteronomy 28:38; 2 Chronicles 7:13; Psalms 78:46; 105:34; Isaiah 33:4; Jeremiah 51:14; Amos 4:9; 7:1

- **Joel 1:5** Parallel theme: James 5:1
- **Joel 1:6** Parallel theme: Joel 2:25
- **Joel 1:7** Parallel theme: Joel 1:12; Isaiah 5:6; Amos 4:9
- **Joel 1:8** Parallel theme: Isaiah 22:12; Malachi 2:15
- **Joel 1:9** Sacrifice: Joel 1:13; 2:14; 2:17; Hosea 9:4. References Lord: Isaiah 61:6
- **Joel 1:10** Parallel theme: Joel 1:5; Jeremiah 12:11; Hosea 4:3; 9:2
- **Joel 1:11** Parallel theme: Isaiah 17:11; Jeremiah 9:12

## Joel 1:12

**Parallel theme:** Joel 1:10; 1:16; Psalms 4:7; 92:12; Isaiah 9:3; 16:10; 24:11; Jeremiah 48:3; 48:33. **Related:** Song of Solomon 2:3

## Joel 1:13

Parallel theme: 1 Kings 21:27; Jeremiah 4:8; 9:10; Ezekiel 7:18. Sacrifice: Joel 2:17

- **Joel 1:14** References God: Nehemiah 8:18; Jonah 3:8. References Lord: Leviticus 23:36; 2 Chronicles 20:13
- **Joel 1:15** Parallel theme: Jeremiah 30:7; James 5:9; Revelation 6:17. References Lord: Joel 2:11; 2:31; Psalms 37:13
- **Joel 1:16** References God: Psalms 43:4
- **Joel 1:18** Parallel theme: Jeremiah 12:4; Hosea 4:3
- **Joel 1:19** Parallel theme: Psalms 50:15; Jeremiah 9:10. References Lord: Amos 7:4; Micah 7:7

**Joel 1:20** Parallel theme: 1 Kings 17:7; 18:5; Job 38:41; Psalms 104:21; 145:15; 147:9

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