

Jeremiah 5:2

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

And though they say, The LORD liveth; surely they swear falsely.

Analysis

Detailed theological analysis of Jeremiah 5:2 with Hebrew word studies, doctrinal significance, and connections to broader biblical themes. This would reference original language terms, explain theological concepts, and show how the verse fits into redemptive history and points to Christ.

Historical Context

Historical and cultural context for Jeremiah 5:2, including the time period during Jeremiah's ministry (627-586 BC), the political situation with Babylon's rise to power, and how this verse relates to Judah's covenant unfaithfulness and coming judgment.

Related Passages

1 John 4:8 — God is love

1 Corinthians 13:4 — Characteristics of love

Study Questions

1. How does Jeremiah 5:2 challenge your understanding of God's character and His dealings with His people?

2. What practical application can you draw from Jeremiah 5:2 for your walk with Christ today?

Interlinear Text

לֹשׁ קֹרֶן לֹכֶד | אָמַת רֹא שְׁבָעָה:
 liveth The LORD And though they say falsely

H518 H2416 H3068 H559 H3651 H8267

שְׁבָעָה:
 surely they swear

H7650

Additional Cross-References

Titus 1:16 (Parallel theme): They profess that they know God; but in works they deny him, being abominable, and disobedient, and unto every good work reprobate.

Jeremiah 4:2 (References Lord): And thou shalt swear, The LORD liveth, in truth, in judgment, and in righteousness; and the nations shall bless themselves in him, and in him shall they glory.

Isaiah 48:1 (References Lord): Hear ye this, O house of Jacob, which are called by the name of Israel, and are come forth out of the waters of Judah, which swear by the name of the LORD, and make mention of the God of Israel, but not in truth, nor in righteousness.

Jeremiah 7:9 (Parallel theme): Will ye steal, murder, and commit adultery, and swear falsely, and burn incense unto Baal, and walk after other gods whom ye know not;

Leviticus 19:12 (References Lord): And ye shall not swear by my name falsely, neither shalt thou profane the name of thy God: I am the LORD.

Hosea 10:4 (Parallel theme): They have spoken words, swearing falsely in making a covenant: thus judgment springeth up as hemlock in the furrows of the field.

2 Timothy 3:5 (Parallel theme): Having a form of godliness, but denying the power thereof: from such turn away.

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