

Jeremiah 25:13

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

And I will bring upon that land all my words which I have pronounced against it, even all that is written in this book, which Jeremiah hath prophesied against all the nations.

Analysis

And I will bring upon that land all my words which I have pronounced against it, even all that is written in this book, which Jeremiah hath prophesied against all the nations. This self-referential statement confirms the prophetic authority and written preservation of Jeremiah's oracles. The phrase 'et-kol-dēḥāray 'āsher-dibbartî 'ālehā (אֶת־כָּל־דִּבְרֵי אֲשֶׁר־דִּבַּרְתִּי עָלֶיהָ), all my words which I have spoken against it) emphasizes comprehensive fulfillment—not selective or partial but complete execution of every prophesied judgment.

The reference to hassēp̄er hazzeh (הַסֵּפֶר הַזֶּה, this book) indicates Jeremiah's prophecies were recorded in written form, not merely oral tradition. This written record allowed verification—when prophecies came to pass, people could confirm God's word was true. The phrase 'āsher-nibbā' Yirmeyāhû 'al-kol-haggōyim (אֲשֶׁר־נִבְּאָ יִרְמְיָהוּ עַל־כָּל־הַגּוֹיִם, which Jeremiah prophesied against all the nations) points to chapters 46-51, the oracles against foreign nations. God's sovereignty extends beyond Israel to all peoples—He judges universal sin, not merely covenant unfaithfulness.

Historical Context

Jeremiah's prophecies were written and preserved (chapter 36 describes the writing of his oracles, their burning by Jehoiakim, and their re-writing with additions). This written record allowed later generations—including Daniel in exile

(Daniel 9:2)—to study and understand God's purposes. The oracles against nations (chapters 46-51) were fulfilled as predicted: Egypt fell to Babylon (605 BC), Philistia was conquered, Moab and Ammon were destroyed, Edom disappeared from history, and Babylon itself fell to Persia. The comprehensive fulfillment validated Jeremiah's prophetic ministry.

Related Passages

1 John 4:8 — God is love

John 15:13 — Greatest form of love

Matthew 25:31 — Final judgment

Revelation 20:12 — Judgment according to deeds

Study Questions

1. How does the written preservation of prophecy enable future generations to verify God's faithfulness and build faith?
2. What does God's judgment of 'all nations' (not just Israel) reveal about universal moral accountability before the Creator?
3. How should the complete fulfillment of Jeremiah's prophecies against ancient nations strengthen our confidence in unfulfilled biblical prophecies?

Interlinear Text

וְהֵבֵאתִי עַל הָאָרֶץ אֶת כָּל דִּבְרֵי אֲשֶׁר
And I will bring H5921 upon that land H776 H1931 H853 H3605 all my words H834 H1697

דִּבְרֵי רִנִּי כָּל יָאֵת עַל יְהוָה הַכְּתוּב
which I have pronounced H5921 H853 H3605 against it even all that is written H3789 H1696

כָּל עַל יְרֵמְיָהּ הוּא נִבֵּא אֲשֶׁר הִזָּה בֵּס פֶּה
in this book H2088 H834 hath prophesied which Jeremiah H5921 H3605 H5612 H5012 H3414

הַגִּנִּים:
against all the nations H1471

Additional Cross-References

Jeremiah 1:10 (Parallel theme): See, I have this day set thee over the nations and over the kingdoms, to root out, and to pull down, and to destroy, and to throw down, to build, and to plant.

Jeremiah 1:5 (Parallel theme): Before I formed thee in the belly I knew thee; and before thou camest forth out of the womb I sanctified thee, and I ordained thee a prophet unto the nations.