Isaiah 33

Chapter 33 of 66 · 24 Verses · Authorized King James Version

Distress and Deliverance

- ¹ Woe to thee that spoilest, and thou wast not spoiled; and dealest treacherously, and they dealt not treacherously with thee! when thou shalt cease to spoil, thou shalt be spoiled; and when thou shalt make an end to deal treacherously, they shall deal treacherously with thee.
- ² O LORD, be gracious unto us; we have waited for thee: be thou their arm every morning, our salvation also in the time of trouble.
- ³ At the noise of the tumult the people fled; at the lifting up of thyself the nations were scattered.
- ⁴ And your spoil shall be gathered like the gathering of the caterpiller: as the running to and fro of locusts shall he run upon them.
- ⁵ The LORD is exalted; for he dwelleth on high: he hath filled Zion with judgment and righteousness.
- ⁶ And wisdom and knowledge shall be the stability of thy times, and strength of salvation: the fear of the LORD is his treasure.
- Behold, their valiant ones shall cry without: the ambassadors of peace shall weep bitterly.
- ⁸ The highways lie waste, the wayfaring man ceaseth: he hath broken the covenant, he hath despised the cities, he regardeth no man.
- ⁹ The earth mourneth and languisheth: Lebanon is ashamed and hewn down: Sharon is like a wilderness: and Bashan and Carmel shake off their fruits.

- 10 Now will I rise, saith the LORD; now will I be exalted; now will I lift up myself.
- ¹¹ Ye shall conceive chaff, ye shall bring forth stubble: your breath, as fire, shall devour you.
- ¹² And the people shall be as the burnings of lime: as thorns cut up shall they be burned in the fire.
- ¹³ Hear, ye that are far off, what I have done; and, ye that are near, acknowledge my might.
- ¹⁴ The sinners in Zion are afraid; fearfulness hath surprised the hypocrites. Who among us shall dwell with the devouring fire? who among us shall dwell with everlasting burnings?
- ¹⁵ He that walketh righteously, and speaketh uprightly; he that despiseth the gain of oppressions, that shaketh his hands from holding of bribes, that stoppeth his ears from hearing of blood, and shutteth his eyes from seeing evil;
- 16 He shall dwell on high: his place of defence shall be the munitions of rocks: bread shall be given him; his waters shall be sure.
- ¹⁷ Thine eyes shall see the king in his beauty: they shall behold the land that is very far off.
- ¹⁸ Thine heart shall meditate terror. Where is the scribe? where is the receiver? where is he that counted the towers?
- ¹⁹ Thou shalt not see a fierce people, a people of a deeper speech than thou canst perceive; of a stammering tongue, that thou canst not understand.
- Look upon Zion, the city of our solemnities: thine eyes shall see Jerusalem a quiet habitation, a tabernacle that shall not be taken down; not one of the stakes thereof shall ever be removed, neither shall any of the cords thereof be broken.
- ²¹ But there the glorious LORD will be unto us a place of broad rivers and streams; wherein shall go no galley with oars, neither shall gallant ship pass thereby.

- For the LORD is our judge, the LORD is our lawgiver, the LORD is our king; he will save us.
- ²³ Thy tacklings are loosed; they could not well strengthen their mast, they could not spread the sail: then is the prey of a great spoil divided; the lame take the prey.
- ²⁴ And the inhabitant shall not say, I am sick: the people that dwell therein shall be forgiven their iniquity.

HEBREW & GREEK WORD STUDIES

Blood — DI (Dam)

Blood

The Hebrew dam (nī) means blood—representing life itself. 'The life of the flesh is in the blood' (Leviticus 17:11), and blood was required for atonement, foreshadowing Christ's sacrifice.

(Berit) בָּרית — Covenant

Covenant, treaty

The Hebrew **berit** (בְּרִית) denotes a covenant—a binding agreement, often ratified by blood sacrifice. God's covenants (Abrahamic, Mosaic, Davidic) structure redemptive history, culminating in the New Covenant.

Eternal — עוֹלָם (Olam)

Eternal, everlasting

The Hebrew **olam** (עוֹלֶם) means eternal or everlasting—time stretching beyond human comprehension. God is the 'everlasting God' (Genesis 21:33), and His covenant love endures forever.

Forgive — סָלַח / נַשָּׂא (Salach / Nasa)

To forgive, pardon, lift up

The Hebrew **salach** (סָלַח) is used exclusively of God's forgiveness—divine pardon that only He can grant. **Nasa** (נָשָׂא) means to lift up or carry away, picturing sin being removed.

Iniquity — עוֹן (Avon)

Iniquity, guilt, punishment

The Hebrew **avon** ($\mu\nu$) encompasses iniquity, guilt, and its punishment—the twisted nature of sin. 'The LORD hath laid on him the iniquity of us all' (Isaiah 53:6), Christ bearing our guilt and penalty.

Judgment — מִשְׁפַט (Mishpat)

Judgment, justice

The Hebrew **mishpat** (מִשְפַּט) means judgment or justice—God's righteous decisions and ordinances. God is the Judge of all the earth who 'shall do right' (Genesis 18:25), executing perfect justice.

Lord — יהוַה / אָדֹנֵי (YHWH / Adonai)

The LORD / Lord

When 'LORD' appears in small capitals, it represents the Tetragrammaton **YHWH** (יְהוָה), God's personal covenant name meaning 'I AM.' When 'Lord' appears normally, it's **Adonai** (אֲדֹנֵי), meaning 'my Lord,' emphasizing sovereignty.

Righteous — צַדִּיק (Tzaddik)

Righteous one

The Hebrew **tzaddik** (צַּדִּיק) describes one who is righteous, just, or lawful—conforming to God's standard. From the root tzedek (צָּדָק), meaning righteousness or justice.

Salvation — ישועה (Yeshuah)

Salvation, deliverance

The Hebrew **yeshuah** (יְשׁוּשֶׁהְ) means salvation or deliverance—rescue from danger or enemies. This is the root of 'Jesus' (Yeshua), meaning 'YHWH saves.'

CROSS REFERENCES

Isaiah 33:1 Parallel theme: Isaiah 10:12; 21:2; 24:16; Matthew 7:2; Revelation 17:17

Isaiah 33:2 Salvation: Isaiah 25:9; 59:16; Psalms 62:1. **Parallel theme:** Isaiah 25:4; Psalms 46:1; 60:11; 62:8. **References Lord:** Isaiah 26:16; 40:10; Exodus 14:27

Isaiah 33:5

References Lord: Isaiah 2:17. Parallel theme: Romans 11:26. Judgment: Daniel 4:37

Isaiah 33:6

Parallel theme: Psalms 45:4; Ecclesiastes 7:19; Matthew 6:33; 1 Timothy 4:8; 6:6. **References Lord:** Psalms 28:8; Proverbs 14:27; 19:23. **Salvation:** Isaiah 51:6; Psalms 140:7

Isaiah 33:7 Parallel theme: Isaiah 36:22; 2 Kings 18:18

Isaiah 33:8 Parallel theme: Isaiah 35:8; Judges 5:6

Isaiah 33:9 Parallel theme: Isaiah 35:2; 65:10; Nahum 1:4

Isaiah 33:10 Resurrection: Psalms 12:5. Parallel theme: Amos 6:1

Isaiah 33:11 Parallel theme: Isaiah 59:4; Psalms 7:14; James 1:15

Isaiah 33:12 Parallel theme: Isaiah 27:4

Isaiah 33:13 Parallel theme: Isaiah 49:1; Psalms 48:10

Isaiah 33:14 Parallel theme: Isaiah 29:13; 66:24; Job 18:11; Nahum 1:6; Hebrews 12:29;

Revelation 14:10; 20:10. **Eternal Life:** Matthew 18:8; 25:41; 25:46

Isaiah 33:15

Parallel theme: Psalms 119:37; Malachi 2:6; Luke 19:8; Romans 2:7; James 5:4. **Righteousness:** Deuteronomy 16:19; Psalms 106:3; Luke 1:6; 1 John 3:7

Isaiah 33:16 Parallel theme: Isaiah 25:4; 32:18; 49:10; Psalms 18:33; 33:18; 37:3; 90:1; 107:41; 111:5; Proverbs 1:33

Isaiah 33:17 Parallel theme: Zechariah 9:17; John 1:14; 14:21; 17:24; 2 Corinthians 4:18; 1 John 3:2. **Kingdom:** Isaiah 6:5

Isaiah 33:18 Parallel theme: 2 Kings 18:14; 1 Corinthians 1:20

Isaiah 33:19 Parallel theme: Isaiah 28:11; Exodus 14:13; 2 Kings 19:32; Jeremiah 5:15; 1 Corinthians 14:21

Isaiah 33:20 Parallel theme: Isaiah 32:18; 54:2; Psalms 46:5

Isaiah 33:22 Salvation: Isaiah 12:2; 25:9; 35:4; Zechariah 9:9; Acts 5:31; James 4:12.

Kingdom: Psalms 89:18; Revelation 19:16. Judgment: Psalms 50:6; 75:7

Isaiah 33:23 Parallel theme: 2 Kings 7:8; Psalms 68:12; 1 Corinthians 1:27

Isaiah 33:24 Sin: Isaiah 44:22; Jeremiah 50:20. **Parallel theme:** Isaiah 30:26; 58:8; Exodus 15:26; Deuteronomy 7:15; 28:27; James 5:14; Revelation 21:4; 22:2

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