

Ezekiel 25:5

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

And I will make Rabbah a stable for camels, and the Ammonites a couchingplace for flocks: and ye shall know that I am the LORD.

Analysis

Rabbah was Ammon's capital city (modern Amman, Jordan). Its transformation into 'a stable for camels' and general pastureland represents complete desolation and loss of national identity. The covenant formula 'ye shall know that I am the LORD' appears throughout these oracles, revealing that even pagan nations will recognize Yahweh's sovereignty through fulfilled prophecy.

Historical Context

Rabbah was a significant fortified city. Archaeological excavations confirm periods of destruction and abandonment matching biblical prophecies. The city's later history validated Ezekiel's words.

Related Passages

Romans 10:9 — Confession and belief for salvation

John 3:16 — God's love and salvation

Study Questions

1. How do fulfilled prophecies against ancient nations strengthen your confidence in biblical authority?

2. What does it mean that all nations will ultimately acknowledge God's sovereignty?

Interlinear Text

בְּ יְהוָה יְהוָה אֶת בְּבָהּ לְנִי הַמְּלֵל יְמִינָתִי
And I will make H5414 Rabbah H853 a stable H7237 for camels H1581 and the Ammonites H1121

אֶת עַמְּלֵךְ לְמִרְבֵּץ עַמְּלֵךְ אֶת יְדֵיכֶם אֶת
a couchingplace H5983 for flocks H4769 and ye shall know H6629 H3045 H3588 H589

הִנֵּה!
that I am the LORD H3068

Additional Cross-References

Ezekiel 21:20 (Parallel theme): Appoint a way, that the sword may come to Rabbah of the Ammonites, and to Judah in Jerusalem the defenced.

2 Samuel 12:26 (Parallel theme): And Joab fought against Rabbah of the children of Ammon, and took the royal city.

Isaiah 17:2 (Parallel theme): The cities of Aroer are forsaken: they shall be for flocks, which shall lie down, and none shall make them afraid.