Exodus 31

Chapter 31 of 40 · 18 Verses · Authorized King James Version

Craftsmen for the Tabernacle

- ¹ And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying,
- 2 See, I have called by name Bezaleel the son of Uri, the son of Hur, of the tribe of Iudah:
- ³ And I have filled him with the spirit of God, in wisdom, and in understanding, and in knowledge, and in all manner of workmanship,
- ⁴ To devise cunning works, to work in gold, and in silver, and in brass,
- ⁵ And in cutting of stones, to set them, and in carving of timber, to work in all manner of workmanship.
- ⁶ And I, behold, I have given with him Aholiab, the son of Ahisamach, of the tribe of Dan: and in the hearts of all that are wise hearted I have put wisdom, that they may make all that I have commanded thee;
- ⁷ The tabernacle of the congregation, and the ark of the testimony, and the mercy seat that is thereupon, and all the furniture of the tabernacle,
- 8 And the table and his furniture, and the pure candlestick with all his furniture, and the altar of incense,
- ⁹ And the altar of burnt offering with all his furniture, and the laver and his foot,
- ¹⁰ And the cloths of service, and the holy garments for Aaron the priest, and the garments of his sons, to minister in the priest's office,
- 11 And the anointing oil, and sweet incense for the holy place: according to all that I have commanded thee shall they do.

The Sabbath Command

- ¹² And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying,
- ¹³ Speak thou also unto the children of Israel, saying, Verily my sabbaths ye shall keep: for it is a sign between me and you throughout your generations; that ye may know that I am the LORD that doth sanctify you.
- ¹⁴ Ye shall keep the sabbath therefore; for it is holy unto you: every one that defileth it shall surely be put to death: for whosoever doeth any work therein, that soul shall be cut off from among his people.
- ¹⁵ Six days may work be done; but in the seventh is the sabbath of rest, holy to the LORD: whosoever doeth any work in the sabbath day, he shall surely be put to death.
- ¹⁶ Wherefore the children of Israel shall keep the sabbath, to observe the sabbath throughout their generations, for a perpetual covenant.
- ¹⁷ It is a sign between me and the children of Israel for ever: for in six days the LORD made heaven and earth, and on the seventh day he rested, and was refreshed.

The Stone Tablets

¹⁸ And he gave unto Moses, when he had made an end of communing with him upon mount Sinai, two tables of testimony, tables of stone, written with the finger of God.

HEBREW & GREEK WORD STUDIES

Altar — מְזְבֵּח (Mizbeach)

Altar, place of sacrifice

The Hebrew **mizbeach** (חַבְּחַ) means altar—from the root 'to slaughter.' Altars were places where sacrifices were offered to God, pointing forward to Christ's ultimate sacrifice.

Covenant — ברית (Berit)

Covenant, treaty

The Hebrew **berit** (בְּרִית) denotes a covenant—a binding agreement, often ratified by blood sacrifice. God's covenants (Abrahamic, Mosaic, Davidic) structure redemptive history, culminating in the New Covenant.

God — אֱלֹהִים (Elohim)

God (plural of majesty)

The Hebrew **Elohim** (אֱלֹהִים) is a plural form denoting majesty and fullness of deity. Though grammatically plural, it takes singular verbs when referring to the one true God, suggesting the Trinity's plurality within unity.

Heaven — שַׁמֵּים (Shamayim)

Heaven, sky

The Hebrew **shamayim** (שְׁמֵּיִם) means heaven or sky—God's dwelling place and the realm above earth. 'The heaven, even the heavens, are the LORD's' (Psalm 115:16), yet 'the heaven of heavens cannot contain Him' (1 Kings 8:27).

Holy — קדושׁ (Qadosh)

Holy, set apart

The Hebrew **qadosh** (קַדוֹש) means holy or set apart—separated from common use for God's purposes. God is 'the Holy One of Israel,' utterly distinct from creation in moral perfection.

Lord — יהוַה / אָדֹנֵי (YHWH / Adonai)

The LORD / Lord

When 'LORD' appears in small capitals, it represents the Tetragrammaton **YHWH** (יְהוָה'), God's personal covenant name meaning 'I AM.' When 'Lord' appears normally, it's **Adonai** (אֲדֹנָי), meaning 'my Lord,' emphasizing sovereignty.

Priest — כֹהֵן (Kohen)

Priest

The Hebrew **kohen** (וֹהָה) denotes a priest—one who mediates between God and people through sacrifices and intercession. Aaron and his descendants served as Israel's priests, foreshadowing Christ the Great High Priest.

Sanctify — קַדַש (Qadash)

To set apart, make holy

The Hebrew **qadash** (קַדַשׁ) means to set apart or consecrate—separating something for God's sacred purposes. God sanctified the seventh day (Genesis 2:3) and calls His people to 'be holy; for I am holy' (Leviticus 11:44).

Spirit — חַהַ (Ruach)

Spirit, wind, breath

The Hebrew **ruach** (רוֹחַ) means spirit, wind, or breath—invisible but powerful. It describes both the Holy Spirit and the human spirit. God's Spirit gives life and empowers His people.

CROSS REFERENCES

Exodus 31:2 Parallel theme: Exodus 35:30; 36:1; John 3:27

Exodus 31:3 Spirit: Exodus 35:31; Isaiah 28:6. Parallel theme: 1 Kings 3:9; 7:14.

References God: Isaiah 28:26

Exodus 31:6 Parallel theme: Exodus 28:3; 35:10; 1 Kings 3:12; Luke 10:1; Acts 13:2

Exodus 31:11 Holy: Exodus 37:29

Exodus 31:13 References Lord: Exodus 31:17; Leviticus 19:3; 19:30; 20:8; Ezekiel 20:12; 20:20; 1 Thessalonians 5:23. **Parallel theme:** Nehemiah 9:14; Ezekiel 44:24; John 17:17

Exodus 31:15 Parallel theme: Exodus 34:21; Genesis 2:2; Luke 13:14; 23:56. Holy: Exodus 16:23; 35:2; Leviticus 23:3. References Lord: Exodus 31:17

Exodus 31:16 Covenant: Jeremiah 50:5

Exodus 31:17 Creation: Genesis 1:31. References Lord: Exodus 31:13; Ezekiel 20:12.

Parallel theme: Hebrews 4:10

Exodus 31:18 Parallel theme: Deuteronomy 4:13; 5:22. References Moses: Exodus 24:12.

References God: Exodus 8:19; Luke 11:20; 2 Corinthians 3:3

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