

Daniel 11:9

Authorized King James Version (KJV)

So the king of the south shall come into his kingdom, and shall return into his own land.

Analysis

Seleucus II's failed counterattack against Egypt (240 BC) fulfilled this verse. The continued accuracy of predictions builds case for divine authorship—no human could predict such specific events centuries in advance.

Historical Context

Daniel chapter 11 contains some of Scripture's most detailed predictive prophecy, written c. 536 BC and fulfilled with remarkable precision 200-160 BC during Ptolemaic-Seleucid conflicts. The prophecies served multiple purposes: encouraging Jewish exiles that God controls history, providing roadmap for future generations facing Hellenistic pressures, and typologically pointing to end-times Antichrist. Reformed theology sees dual fulfillment: near historical events (Antiochus Epiphanes) typifying far eschatological realities (final Antichrist). This pattern validates divine inspiration—only God knows future details with such precision. For believers under persecution, these prophecies demonstrated that tyrannical opposition is temporary, God's sovereignty absolute, and ultimate victory certain. The historical fulfillment encourages trust that eschatological promises will similarly fulfill exactly as prophesied.

Related Passages

John 3:16 — God's love and salvation

Romans 10:9 — Confession and belief for salvation

Study Questions

1. How does the remarkable precision of fulfilled prophecy strengthen faith in Scripture's divine origin?
2. What does the dual fulfillment pattern (historical Antiochus typifying eschatological Antichrist) teach about biblical prophecy's layered meaning?
3. How should these prophecies encourage believers facing persecution or opposition today?

Interlinear Text

וְאֵלֹהִים	בְּמָלֹכֶת	מֵלֶךְ	מִן־גָּתָן	וְיִשְׁבֶּן	אֵל
shall come	into his kingdom	So the king	of the south	and shall return	H413
H935	H4438	H4428	H5045	H7725	

אֶלְמָתָן:
into his own land

H127

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